

# DIY Air Cannon



## FUN FACT

Dolphins can create vortex rings to play with in the ocean by blowing air through their blowholes. The quick burst of air combined with the round shape of the blowhole creates a vortex ring of bubbles.

## AIR PRESSURE

Air pressure, also known as atmospheric pressure, is the force exerted on a surface by the weight of air. Even though it is invisible to our eyes, the air surrounding us puts about 14.7 pounds per square inch of pressure on everything on the surface of Earth. That's a lot of pressure!

## MATERIALS

- Plastic or styrofoam cups
- Scissors
- Balloon
- Various items to knock over

## DIFFICULTY



Why do scientists love renewable energy so much?

\*Answer on the next page

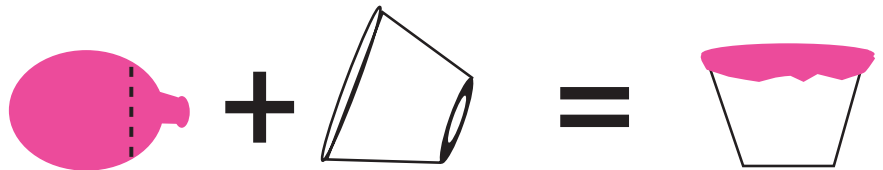
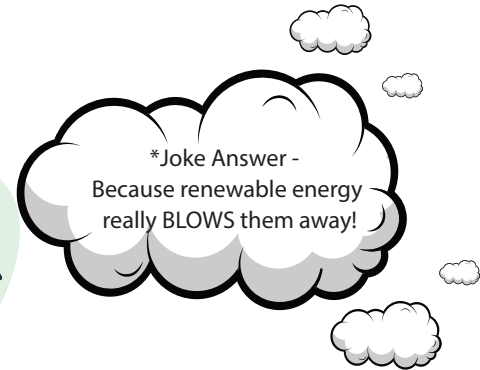
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## DIY Air Cannon

### EXPERIMENT

- Step 1:** Gather your materials.
- Step 2:** Cut the neck off of the balloon and keep the large part.
- Step 3:** Carefully cut a hole in the bottom of the cup about the size of a dime with your scissors.
- Step 4:** Attach the cut balloon to the mouth of the cup. Be sure to stretch it tightly and reinforce by wrapping a rubber band around the lip of the cup.
- Step 5:** Tap or gently pull back the balloon and let it go to force the air out of your cannon.
- Step 6:** Set up a target, such as hanging toilet paper, to test to see how far your air rings can reach.



### WHY IT WORKS

Although you can't see it, your cup is filled with air. When you apply a force to the air molecules by pulling back the balloon and letting it snapback, the air molecules are pushed towards the opening. This movement sets off a quick chain reaction of collisions with other air molecules and the sides of the cup. The only way for the air molecules to escape is through the opening at the bottom of the cup. The quick escape of these air molecules forms a stream of air that flows straight out of the cannon.

### EXTEND YOUR LEARNING

- What might happen if you used a different sized cup? Could you cut a 2 liter bottle to make a larger cannon?
- Could you try another stretchy material to take the place of the balloon?
- Does it change the experiment if you make the hole a different shape? What if you place it in a different spot?
- Experiment with your air cannon to see what changes allow you to shoot air the furthest.
- Have a target competition with a friend.

### WORKFORCE CONNECTION

A meteorologist studies interactions between temperature, humidity, air pressure, precipitation and vortices in the atmosphere. They develop an understanding of how vortices such as tornadoes, waterspouts and hurricanes form so they can predict the weather to keep people informed and safe. They also study and learn about the polar vortex and how it affects the weather during winter.